## Year 12 Chemistry Quick Quiz: Analytical Techniques

(and some stuff from before)

1.

$$R_f = \frac{23}{32} = 0.72$$

2. 9 min. Component B is less polar than component A.

3.

The wavelength chosen for analysis can only be absorbed by lead (not by the contaminating elements).

4. Atomic absorption spectroscopy.

5.

(a)

10 ppm = 10 mg 
$$L^{-1}$$
  
 $\therefore 0.010 \text{ g } L^{-1}$ 

(b)

$$M_{\text{CH4}} = 12.01 + (1.008 \times 4) = 16.042 \text{ g mol}^{-1}$$
  
 $0.010 \div 16.042 = 6.2 \times 10^{-4} \text{ mol L}^{-1}$ 

6.

(a) 
$$1s^2\,2s^2\,2p^6\,3s^2\,3p^6\,3d^5$$

(b)

The converter catalyses reactions that react CO and NO to make  $N_2$