

(c) Using integration and an algebraic process, show that $\Pr(0 \leq X \leq 1) = \frac{1}{16}$.

(2 marks)

Consider the real numbers m and n , such that $\Pr(m \leq X \leq n) = \frac{1}{16}$ where $0 \leq m \leq 4$ and $0 \leq n \leq 4$.

The following conjecture is made for the value of n in terms of m :

$$n = \sqrt{m^2 + 1}.$$

(d) Prove this conjecture.

(3 marks)

(e) Use the conjecture $n = \sqrt{m^2 + 1}$ to determine the *exact* maximum value of m that satisfies the probability statement $\Pr(m \leq X \leq n) = \frac{1}{16}$, for $0 \leq x \leq 4$.



(2 marks)