SQL Cheatsheet

SELECT ... FROM

SELECT common_name, scientific_name
FROM Animal;

SELECT all columns

SELECT *
FROM Animal;

Comparing text

SELECT common_name, status
FROM Species
WHERE status = 'Endangered';

Comparing numbers

SELECT * FROM Convict WHERE arrived = 1788;

Comparing boolean values

SELECT * FROM Species WHERE ACT = true;

Comparing alphabetically

SELECT surname, first_name
FROM Convict
WHERE surname < 'L';</pre>

Comparing time

SELECT service_id, cordon_time, station
FROM Station
WHERE cordon_time >= '18:00:00';

Comparing date

SELECT surname, issued
FROM Convict
WHERE issued >= '1830-06-01';

Comparing two columns

SELECT *
FROM CountryMedal
WHERE silver >= gold;

Comparison operators

Operation	Operator
equal to	=
no equal to	<> (or !=)
less than	<
less than or equal to	<=
greater than	>
greater than or equal to	>=

Rows (table data)

Animal			
scientific_name	common_name	status	classification
Pseudomys fumeus	Konoom	Endangered	Mammalia
Pteropus poliocephalus	Grey-headed Flying-fox	Vulnerable	Mammalia
Petrogale penicillata	Brush-tailed Rock-wallaby	Vulnerable	Mammalia

Columns (table structure)

Animal	
scientific_name	
common_name	
status	
classification	

Data types

```
VARCHAR - text
INTEGER - whole number
BOOLEAN - true or false
SMALLINT - small whole number
DATE - formatted like 'YYYY-MM-DD'
REAL - numbers with decimal points
TIME - formatted like 'HH:MM:SS'
```

OR

```
SELECT *
FROM People
WHERE origin = 'Australia'
OR destination = 'Australia';
```

AND

SELECT * FROM CountryMedal WHERE gold > 10 AND silver > 10 AND bronze > 10;

Combining OR with AND

```
SELECT *
FROM Station
WHERE direction = 'To City'
AND (cordon_station = 'Jolimont'
        OR cordon_station = 'Richmond');
```

ORDER BY

```
SELECT *
FROM Wage
WHERE industry = 'Construction'
AND year = 1998
AND occupation = 'Plasterer'
ORDER BY real_wage DESC;
```

Sorting multiple fields

```
SELECT *
FROM CountryMedal
ORDER BY gold DESC, silver DESC, country ASC;
```